PATRICK J. MULLEN, Official Court Reporter 219 South Dearborn Street, Room 1412 Chicago, Illinois 60604 (312) 435-5565

25

THE CLERK: 18 CV 864, In Re Dealer Management Systems Antitrust Litigation for emergency motion hearing.

THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. I'm in the courtroom, so we have the sound system on to record this hearing. I'd like counsel to identify themselves for the record if they anticipate speaking during this hearing. If you are on the phone but don't anticipate speaking but you want to be listed as having appeared of record, send an e-mail to Brenda Renozzi, my courtroom deputy, which is brenda\_renozzi --R-e-n-o-z-z-i-- @ilnd.uscourts.gov. If anybody ever gets this transcript written, then Brenda can share that with the court reporter.

And then before you speak, even though you've identified yourself ahead of time, please state your name just so that the court reporter will get all that down, again, if somebody writes this. So let's go forward.

We're here on defendant CDK Global's emergency motion to take Cox's Rule 30(b)(6) data deposition off calendar due to late production of data and unresolved objections. I don't know what -- I have a courtesy copy of it. I suppose that would be ECF 610. Okay. Go ahead. Who's for CDK?

MR. ENTWISLE: (Via telephone) Your Honor, you've got Bob Entwisle from Mayer Brown representing CDK.

THE COURT: Okay. I cannot hear you. I cannot hear you. You may be on a speaker phone. So if you are, could you

```
1
    pick up the headset?
 2
              MR. ENTWISLE:
                             Okay.
 3
              MS. MILLER:
                           (Via telephone) Good afternoon, Your
 4
     Honor.
            Britt Miller of Mayer Brown on behalf of CDK Global
 5
     LLC.
 6
              MR. ENTWISLE: And Bob Entwisle for defendant CDK.
 7
              THE COURT: Are you on a cell phone?
 8
              MR. PROVANCE:
                             (Via telephone) Your Honor, also
 9
     present are Matt Provance and Natalie Wayne from Mayer Brown.
10
              THE COURT: Mr. Province, are all you guys on a cell
11
     phone?
            Because you're breaking up.
12
              MS. MILLER: We're on a speaker phone, but we will
13
     dial in separately if you cannot hear us. Can you hear me,
14
     Your Honor?
15
              THE COURT: You, I can hear, yes, Ms. Miller.
                                                             I hear
16
     you fine. So I heard Provance, too, and someone else.
17
              MS. MILLER: That was Robert Entwisle,
18
     E-n-t-w-i-s-l-e, also with Mayer Brown.
19
              THE COURT:
                          Right. Okay. Good.
20
              And I suppose we have somebody here for Cox?
21
              MR. DORRIS:
                           (Via telephone) Good afternoon, Your
22
     Honor.
             It's Dan Dorris for Cox Automotive and its subsidiary.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. Anybody else want to state their
24
     appearance of record?
25
              MR. WALNER:
                           (Via telephone) Good afternoon.
                                                            Robert
```

Walner for the dealership plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Okay. Anybody else?

MR. ROSS: (Via telephone) Your Honor, this is Brian Ross on behalf of Reynolds.

THE COURT: Okay. Just chime in if you want.

(No response.)

THE COURT: Okay. Good.

Okay. I had a chance to quickly review CDK's motion, and I understand the issue for a decision is whether the deposition, the 30(b)(6) deposition of the Cox representative goes forward tomorrow. I know that our dep protocol says a dep, once on the calendar, cannot be moved without agreement of the parties or a court order, and there's no agreement of the parties at this point.

So, therefore, Cox is looking -- I mean, CDK is looking for a court order, and CDK would like an order that says they can take this deposition off, not on the date that it's noticed, but after that date and potentially after the close of discovery, which deadline is coming up, I guess.

I'm not exactly sure what the alternative is. So maybe CDK can briefly state its position in support of its motion. You know, an emergency motion hearing at 4:30 in the afternoon is not always the best place. Maybe I can ask you questions because I actually have read this. I didn't see in here when the request for production of these documents

actually first was served.

MR. ENTWISLE: Your Honor, this is Bob Entwisle from Mayer Brown. My understanding is that those requests were served in May of 2018.

THE COURT: Okay. Then I see the correspondence that's attached here. So, you know, within the last several weeks there's been back and forth on whether the production is complete and whether certain documents have or haven't been produced, right?

MR. ENTWISLE: That's correct, Your Honor. I would just hasten to add that there has been other correspondence and attempts to obtain data throughout the fall and then into the early part of the new year. We only attached to the motion the most relevant and most recent correspondence.

THE COURT: Okay. What's your position as to what should happen today? Do you have a date by which you would say the deposition or a date on which the deposition should be taken? Do you want it to be continued to a date to be agreed or ordered by the Court after you finish making sure you have the documents you need? What's your position?

And let me ask you this before you respond. Am I breaking up at all? Because sometimes I have the same problem with microphones in the courtroom. Can you guys hear me okay?

MR. DORRIS: Your Honor, you're breaking up.

THE COURT: Okay. I need to put the microphone

1 farther. Can you hear me better now? 2 MR. DORRIS: Yes. 3 THE COURT: Okay. If at some point I'm breaking up, 4 could somebody just yell or send an e-mail to Brenda? 5 THE CLERK: Katie is on the call. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. ENTWISLE: Yes, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Okay. What do you want? What do you want 9 to happen here, Mr. Entwisle? 10 MR. ENTWISLE: Your Honor, what we would like to 11 happen is we'd like an opportunity to assess the production 12 that was provided to us. We want to be able to consult with 13 our experts on it. Then we want to either do one of two 14 address any issues if we can with Cox and get a 15 complete production before going forward with the deposition, 16 or if we're not able to do that, raise them with the Court just 17 to have those objections resolved. 18 THE COURT: Okay. And when -- I can't really tell. 19 When did you first start noticing that there were problems? 20 When did you first start engaging Cox with this? When did you 21 start realizing there was a problem? Was it early March, which 22 is the first correspondence I'm seeing here, like March 6th or 23 something? 24 MR. ENTWISLE: Your Honor, my understanding is that

this has been an ongoing issue. There's been ongoing

25

correspondence where we think we've gotten the production and then we look and we determine that there are gaps or there are items missing. So I've come into the case more recently, but it was on March 6th where, you know, we laid out that this is the -- these are the open items that we believe that we're owed and raised that with opposing counsel.

THE COURT: Okay. Am I right that April 15th is the close of fact discovery?

MS. MILLER: No, Your Honor. The answer is that we per your order -- this is Britt Miller. Per our last status conference in front of Your Honor, the parties submitted a stipulation of revised dates to Judge Dow. It hasn't made it to the top of his stack yet, so he hasn't signed it. But the agreed date that is currently submitted is a close of fact discovery of April 30th.

THE COURT: Okay. Is that a stipulation that includes stuff other than fact discovery, other than discovery, which is why it went to --

MS. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor. Per our last appearance in front of Your Honor, it includes a revised date of the close of fact discovery as well as revised dates for the different expert disclosures that were contemplated by the original case management order. In the stipulation, as you may or may not recall, but in the stipulation and in our appearance before Your Honor, we listed out the number of things that were

outstanding and, of course, as you would expect, reserved our right to come back and seek additional time from Your Honor in the event situations like this arose and discovery could not be completed before April 30th.

THE COURT: Okay. You guys submitted this to Judge Dow to his proposed order file? Because I don't see it on the docket anyplace.

MS. MILLER: I don't have the docket sitting in front of me. It was filed as a stipulation, so it should appear on the docket and I believe an electronic copy was sent. But I'll have to go back and double-check to see if an electronic version was sent to his proposed order, but it was certainly filed as a stipulation on the docket.

THE COURT: Okay. Is it 553, stipulated amended case management order?

MS. MILLER: That sounds right, Your Honor. Again, I don't have it sitting in front of me, but that sounds correct.

THE COURT: Yes, I see it. So okay. I mean, I can look at it. I mean, it wasn't noticed at all before either of us. Do you know that he's aware of this?

MS. MILLER: There --

THE COURT: Because I could sign this.

MS. MILLER: Fair enough. Your Honor, again, I will have to double-check to see whether or not it was sent directly to his proposed order but, if not, we'll promptly follow up

with his clerk and alert her to its existence. The judge has previously encouraged us that to the extent a stipulation is not entered that we can approach his clerk and remind her that it is still pending and that they will address it. So after this call, well, I suppose Judge Dow will probably be leaving in the short term, but we will certainly reach out to his clerk in the morning and remind her and ask that she remind the judge that it is pending before him.

THE COURT: Okay. Because it looks like it was filed at least of record on March 5th. Okay. But you're proceeding under the understanding of that. That's fine.

All right. Let me hear from Cox. Mr. Dorris?

MR. DORRIS: Sure, Your Honor. I apologize that you don't have a written response from us. We frankly just learned of CDK's desire to move the deposition earlier this morning, but we are happy to submit a written response. If you allow me two minutes to step back and explain what this dispute is about from our point of view, I will try and be brief.

This is about a 30(b)(6) deposition of Cox that's supposed to occur on Thursday. It's on data issues. The topics generally ask Cox Automotive to interpret certain types of financial documents that Cox Automotive has already produced and asks questions about the manner in which Cox maintains data. It's not a fact deposition. It really is just a person in the financial department explaining certain financial

documents.

CDK has had these documents for a long time. That's how it's identified the documents for the deposition and how it's identified the topics for the deposition. We didn't learn of any complaint that CDK was not able to go forward with the deposition until 11:00 a.m. this morning, and the reason that CDK has given why the deposition should be postponed is this March 29th production. We don't believe that the documents are material to the deposition.

This production was made in response to CDK's request that we produce additional versions of financial documents that we've already produced. So CDK may have the version of the document from January, February, and March, but the April one is missing from the production. So we went back, we tried to find those documents, and we produced additional versions. Those aren't material to the deposition.

The deposition asks Cox's financial people to explain the documents. No particular version is really important to the deposition. So that's what's at stake, and the volume of that production is frankly quite modest for this case. There are 2,000 families of documents -- and that's e-mails plus attachments -- for comparison. Another defendant, CDR, which is represented by CDK's counsel as well, has produced over 80,000 documents in their own deposition discovery, and like I said most of these documents are just cumulative with other

documents.

But to avoid any dispute about prejudice, we've made an offer to CDK that if it does find something new in the March 29th production that it is not able to ask the witness questions about because of the timing of the production, we're glad to entertain responding in writing to those questions after the deposition.

This is really similar to an offer that CDK itself made to the plaintiffs in this case when it suggested that these types of data questions should be resolved by written questions. These are interpreting financial documents. They're not fact witness questions. If there are any follow-up questions, we can just address them in writing.

Now, to why we don't want to postpone the deposition, the parties have 29 other depositions scheduled this month. Trying to reschedule a deposition is a logistical challenge in itself. Plus the Cox Automotive representative has already set aside a date for the deposition on Thursday and is prepared to testify. It's not fair to that witness to have to set aside another day later in the month.

And my understanding from CDK's request is that they want the deposition after April 15th. The witness is not in -- is traveling the week of April 15th and is traveling the week of April 30th. The only week available on her schedule is the week that there's also another two-day deposition of Cox, so

another two-day 30(b)(6) deposition of Cox.

So practically, I'm not going to say it's impossible but quite prejudicial to reschedule it, and there are four different sets of counsel scheduled to travel tomorrow morning. To try and reschedule the deposition, there's just no reason to do that given our offer to respond to any follow-up questions in writing.

THE COURT: CDK --

MS. MILLER: Your Honor --

THE COURT: CDK, let me ask you a question. Why is a solution here not to take the deposition, continue to look at the documents and if there are -- you know, I recognize the weasel word on this -- if there are documents that are new or not produced before, I suppose that could be subjectively determined, but follow up with written questions, or if you feel written questions would be insufficient because of the nature of the documents that you're looking at, convene the deposition even after the deposition close date either by agreement or on a motion to me and, you know, potentially allocate the cost of that deposition if late documents required it to Cox.

But why wouldn't it be to get on the plane, take the deposition to the best of your ability, and if there are additional documents that surface that need to be inquired into after you've done the first inquiry versus, well, we did our

inquiry and we really don't want to ask him any more about these additional documents now that we understand the data situation, but if there are things that need to be asked about, get an answer in writing or by agreement redepose the person at a mutually convenient time or get a motion to me that says the person needs to sit for additional deposition and Cox won't allow it? That at least allows the deposition to go forward as it's scheduled now, and it may be you'll get a lot of stuff accomplished.

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, this is Britt Miller. Thank you. We absolutely appreciate the Court's suggestion. I want to briefly say we take issue with a number of the statements Mr. Dorris just made with respect to the nature and characterization of the documents that were produced and his statements regarding CDR, which as Your Honor will recall wasn't even served discovery requests until much later than everyone else.

On the deposition on written questions point, Mr. Dorris is correct that we had previously offered a mutual exchange of depositions on written questions with respect to data so that we could avoid potentially having to take oral depositions. That offer was refused by plaintiff, and as a result we as defendants ultimately had to notice the 30(b)(6)s, the oral 30(b)(6)s, and use a number of their (inaudible) party depositions to notice these. So that's why we had to notice

these (inaudible).

So the belated offer to answer additional questions on written questions, although appreciated, we are concerned that that is the mechanism by which we largely got ourselves in this position in the first place, which was served objections, responses, meet and confer, letter writing campaigns, and the back and forth.

Now that Your Honor has introduced the possibility of us proceeding on Thursday, seeing how far we can get, our understanding that we may not have resolved either the nature of the documents or there are still outstanding objections that Cox had lodged that it will and will not prepare its witness to testify to, so that the parties can proceed on Thursday, get as far as they can, and then continue to work through any remaining issues that come out of that deposition when they are related to the objections or related to the documents, and then come to Your Honor if we cannot agree on another date whether inside the April 30th time period or outside of that time period, to start that deposition again and resolve those outstanding issues, CDK would be amenable to that.

It was our understanding from our conversations with the plaintiffs that that was something that they were not willing to entertain, and it was that this was our one and only shot at it. And if we proceeded with the deposition, they would be willing to, to use Mr. Dorris' word, entertain, not

necessarily respond to, but entertain questions on -- a deposition on some questions afterwards or follow-up in writing, but that they would not agree to producing a witness again to answer any follow-up questions.

If that's a possibility and Your Honor has indicated that you're willing to entertain such a motion, I'll be happy to proceed in that route to try to be as efficient as possible. Of course, if the witness is able to answer all of our questions, then we don't -- then it becomes a moot point.

But we brought this motion out of concern that if we do not bring the motion and, in fact, we're required to go take the deposition on Thursday, we would thereby, at least from plaintiffs' perspective, be estopped from taking any further deposition on data at all.

THE COURT: Well, based on what I know now, which is just the motion that CDK filed and what I've heard you talk about, you know, I'm alternating between ruling and trying to negotiate or facilitate a resolution here. Okay? I mean, if I have to rule, I'll rule. If I could facilitate a resolution, then I can do that.

I think based upon what you've said, Ms. Miller, and also my own experience in this area both as a lawyer and a judge, the written question mess can be a mess, particularly if you don't have two willing players on it. So, you know, I almost would reverse the presumption here. I think there's

a --

I mean, I don't know how much you don't know, CDK, about what you need to question about and what the issue is, but I appreciate Cox's position is: We've got a lot of deps to take. We're coming down to the end of this process, and even if you don't have perfect knowledge, perfect is the enemy of the good here.

But, I guess, I would reverse it and say that I would allow you, given the circumstances that I now understand, which is that there has been fencing about the 30(b)(6) topic areas and there's disagreement at the very least but also some real issues about whether some documents have been produced, I'd say go ahead with the deposition and that I would allow CDK to reconvene the deponent, the 30(b)(6) deponent, unless the parties can agree that follow-up questions can be done in writing.

And I would reserve judgment as to who pays for the reconvened deposition, you know, but I would say that if Cox is being unreasonable either in producing documents or in producing a witness on particular topics or in answering questions, at least it's conceivable to me that the second deposition Cox would have to pay the cost of it as something. I'm not saying that that would happen now, and that would probably have to happen by motion.

But I'd rather have the deposition go forward if there

is enough that examination can be conducted on that CDK knows rather than postpone an entire deposition because you don't know everything. I'd rather have you go forward on what you know, continue to figure out what you don't know and whether it even matters with the -- and, you know, I would say then that the deponent can be redeposed either before or after or the deposition wouldn't -- you know, redeposed or continued either after the close of discovery or before unless the parties can agree that additional questions can be answered in writing.

And if anybody has a problem with what's going on, you know my address just like you found me now. I appreciate you're not finding me as much, but I get why it was necessary to come in on this. I guess that's my proposal on the facilitative end and, you know, even on the judicial resolution end, too, depending upon what you guys tell me.

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, for CDK, we're happy to prepare -- to proceed in that manner.

MR. DORRIS: This is Dan Dorris on behalf of Cox. The only concern I have with the proposal -- and I understand if that's Your Honor's rule and we will go with it -- is we think there should be some showing on CDK's behalf of the reason why the deposition should be reconvened. We don't think these documents are material to the case, and if there's an automatic reconvening of a deposition it's just a second bite at the apple to ask questions that could have been asked at the first

deposition.

THE COURT: Yes, and that's not my intention. I understand the apprehension about that, but again I think I'm trying to be clear that the deposition would be reconvened unless -- I don't even have to say the parties agree -- unless the follow-up questions can be conducted efficiently in writing.

So, you know, I'm giving CDK the option, and maybe they'll say now they don't agree with what I'm saying if I'm changing this, but I don't think it's a real change. But what I'm saying is I'm going to give them -- I don't know what the issues are yet, and I don't know if there's going to be a need for there to be a reconvened deposition versus answers in writing. Sometimes these things look a lot more serious at this end of the telescope than they look at the other end once you're there.

But, you know, if they are right that documents were not produced or were produced in a corrupted way which would have been the subject of examination at the deposition and they didn't have them in advance of the deposition and it doesn't make sense to do it in writing, I would say they can reconvene the deposition. But if it does make sense to do it in writing, I would hope that they would do it to spare the expense and that you would agree to it, too. I'm just trying to give you an incentive to do it rather than have the dep convene.

So I've probably talked over everything now, and I can restate it in an order form.

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, I believe we understand what Your Honor is saying, and we understand that, of course, we are not looking to waste the Court's time or waste deposition time as unnecessary. But to the point that Your Honor just made, we don't know what we don't have, and we don't know whether what they've produced is what we asked for, and we will not have an opportunity, given at least from what we can tell that there are a number of documents that are corrupted or don't have file extensions and we've been told that we should go try to fix it before we further complain, we don't know if we'll have an opportunity to fix those before Thursday.

But we appreciate, you know, if it turns out that we have all the documents that we have asked for and we are able to serve targeted questions, what does this data field mean, we're not going to be looking to reconvene a deposition to ask that question. But it's simply a situation that we don't know what we don't know, so we are happy to proceed as Your Honor suggests and see what Thursday reveals and what it does not.

MR. DORRIS: Your Honor, this is Dan. Oh, sorry to interrupt.

THE COURT: No, go ahead.

MS. MILLER: No, I'm done, Dan. Go ahead.

MR. DORRIS: This is Dan. I think with my

understanding now that we are also on board with that process, and let me just restate it to make sure we're all clear on the record and there's no ambiguity later. My understanding is that after the deposition and CDK reviews the documents that it will identify any areas of inquiry that it thinks it wasn't able to get into, and then the parties will confer about that and, if necessary, the appropriate way to address those. If that's the ruling here, we're on board with that. We're, of course, going to comply with that.

The only concern I had is the presumption of an automatic new deposition unless we moved for a protective order on topics that we weren't sure what CDK wanted to address at the second deposition.

MS. MILLER: And, Your Honor, to be clear, that's not my understanding of what we're talking about. We certainly have the 4500 documents that were produced on Friday which we haven't gotten through, but we are also -- this data deposition is going to the types of data of Cox and its subsidiaries in its chain and the various issues about the types of data. We do not know as we sit here, beyond representations of counsel, that, in fact, we have everything we asked for. So there may be additional documents that we still do not have even in that production on Friday.

Also, there were objections served just this past Thursday to the deposition notice in which Cox has taken

certain positions as to what their witness will and will not be able to testify to. That may be a lawyer's artifice and it may be a distinction without a difference, but until we get the witness on the stand and inquire as to that person's knowledge and as to the files we have and whether there are other files we do not have, we certainly can't make a representation that any additional questions we may have, whether in (inaudible) or in a secondary deposition, will be about just those 4500 documents that were produced. There may be additional material that we yet do not have about which we'd like to ask questions under the guise of understanding the data that is going to be at issue in this case.

So I had understood Your Honor's just (inaudible) suggestion to the parties that we go on Thursday, see how far we get, and if there are additional questions open either about the documents that were just produced that we didn't have the opportunity to ask about or there are additional documents or additional information that we don't have that relate to the data questions that we served, we would have the ability to reconvene that deposition orally if the parties could not agree to try to resolve it by written questions.

THE COURT: Okay. So we're all trying to state something. Let me try my hand at it. I'm just making a note here.

(Brief pause.)

22 1 THE COURT: Okay. Here's my attempt at this which 2 would be memorialized in an order that would say, you know, the 3 telephonic hearing of this motion. The deposition of -- who's 4 the name of the deponent? 5 MR. DORRIS: Tammy Guadalupe. 6 THE COURT: Well, actually the 30(b)(6) deposition of 7 Cox Automotive, right? 8 MR. DORRIS: Yes. MS. MILLER: Cox Automotive on data. 9 10 THE COURT: On data noticed for April 4th, right? 11 MS. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor. 12 MR. DORRIS: Yes. 13 THE COURT: It will proceed as scheduled. If it turns 14 out that Cox has not produced reasonably before the deposition 15 documents requested by CDK that CDK needs to examine the 16 witness on the noticed 30(b)(6) topics -- and I guess I would 17 add here -- or the parties have not resolved their dispute

out that Cox has not produced reasonably before the deposition documents requested by CDK that CDK needs to examine the witness on the noticed 30(b)(6) topics -- and I guess I would add here -- or the parties have not resolved their dispute about appropriate 30(b)(6) topics sufficiently before the deposition begins, then CDK can resume the deposition of the -- can resume the 30(b)(6) deposition unless the parties agree that any additional inquiry CDK wants to conduct can be done on written questions. If the parties cannot reach agreement, they can come back to the Court at that time.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

The Court reserves -- well, I would say the resumed deposition can occur either before or after the close of fact

discovery, and the Court reserves the ability to allocate the cost of any resumed deposition based on a more complete record and argument.

Let me throw that out there to you guys. How does that sound to you all?

MS. MILLER: That is fine by CDK, Your Honor.

MR. DORRIS: This is Dan Dorris. I think that what we would ask for is just the default rule on any deposition. If CDK believes any documents haven't been produced that gives them sufficient time to question the witness, it can make a motion and show good cause why there should be continuing need for a deposition.

THE COURT: Well, that's the motion that they have now. That's the motion that they filed now, and what they're telling me now is that there's good cause to believe that they don't have all the documents or that some of the data has been corrupted. You guys disagree with that, but I haven't heard anything. You know, they say, they say -- you know, they say that, and you say, well, we don't think so. I don't know who's right, and I can't delve into it.

MR. DORRIS: Right.

THE COURT: And I was not intending to kick the ball down the road like that. You know, alternatively, I think, Mr. Dorris, what I would say is, you know, not go through all the rest of the verbiage here which I think is protective of

you and say the deposition shall go forward and CDK can resume the deposition at Cox's expense in the future to address documents that, you know, were produced late or were not produced before the deposition or something like that.

I mean, you can't have your cake and eat it, too. You know, you want the deposition to go forward. You've got 29 depositions on the schedule. I'm trying to accommodate that interest, but I'm trying not to nail CDK for going forward with the deposition. I mean, their original motion here is: Don't make me take it now at all, Judge. Reschedule it sometime later.

And, you know, I recognize you're saying the deponent may not be available, that there's four sets of lawyers getting on planes. So I'm trying to do that. But, I mean, you know, if you want to do that --

MR. DORRIS: Oh, completely understood, Your Honor. We're asking for --

THE COURT: If you want to preserve this argument later, I'm going to enter a different order today.

MR. DORRIS: I completely understand. We're happy with your version of the order. We will confer with CDK after the deposition about any questions that they believe they did not have an opportunity to ask and the best way to address them.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. DORRIS: Consistent with your order.

THE COURT: Okay. To be clear to both sides -- and I think Ms. Miller understands this -- I'm not trying to give them a Mulligan here. I'm not saying to take the dep and then you have free rein to do it again. I mean, I'm trying to cabin it in a way that, you know, is based on the documents that were produced.

But, you know, you guys are coming down to the wire and you're arguing about 30(b)(6) topics and whether you have all the documents, and everybody would like to get this stuff done. And my best guess is that going forward with the deposition, nine times out of ten you're able to ask -- you've got enough to ask enough to get what you need. And certainly after the deposition on these data issues CDK will be much more informed about what the witness knows, what the data -- what the documents show, what the data issues are, and so probably can ask much more focused questions in the future that either would be the subject of a written question or, you know, a much more focused deposition.

But, you know, I'm faced at least on a prima facie basis with an argument that the docs were produced late and, you know, there wasn't complete cooperation here. So, you know, I'm trying to deal with all that here. You know, I think this is probably the best we can do right now. You'll go forward with the deposition. If there's a problem in the

1 future, there's a mechanism to try and work it out. Then if 2 you can't work it out, you know where I am. 3 Or like the stipulation before, just give it to Judge 4 I'm just kidding, and I know if he reads the transcript Dow. 5 he would laugh when I said that, too. 6 (Laughter.) 7 MR. DORRIS: All right. Thank you, Your Honor. 8 MR. ENTWISLE: Thank you. THE COURT: Okay. 9 10 MS. MILLER: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: All right. I'm looking at your stipulated 12 motion here. I see the reason you gave it to him, because it 13 extends to Daubert. Okay. I will also let him know that it's 14 sitting there. I know you'll talk to his courtroom deputy, but 15 somebody will sign that. 16 MS. MILLER: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 MR. DORRIS: Thank you. 18 THE COURT: Okay. Bye-bye. 19 (Proceedings concluded.) 20 CERTIFICATE 21 I, Patrick J. Mullen, do hereby certify the foregoing is an accurate transcript produced from an audio recording of the proceedings had in the above-entitled case before the Honorable JEFFREY T. GILBERT, one of the magistrate judges of 22 23 said Court, at Chicago, Illinois, on April 2, 2019. 24 /s/ Patrick J. Mullen Official Court Reporter 25 United States District Court Northern District of Illinois